Managing Information from Multiple Laboratories in an Integrated Delivery Network

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Managing Information from Multiple Laboratories in an IDN Outline

- Frame the problem
- Examine options for potential solutions
- Examine EMR as the integrating engine and the challenges for presenting laboratory data from different labs
- Present illustrative examples

The "I" Word

- <u>Integrate</u> to form, coordinate, or blend into a functioning or unified whole (Merriam-Webster)
- Integrated Delivery Network (IDN) providers, agencies, and/or institutions that work together to provide coordinated services to a patient population across the spectrum of healthcare

Spectrum of Laboratory Integration in Health Systems with Multiple Labs

Independent lab operations

Some uniformity and intra-system referral work

Standardized and integrated lab operations

Managing Information from Multiple Laboratories in an IDN – Framing the Problem

 Ultimate goal of laboratory is to provide results and interpretations to clinicians in a way that is effective for patient care decision making, BUT...

THE PROBLEMS:

- Clinicians need an integrated, longitudinal view of lab data regardless of data sources
- IDNs have multiple laboratories with disparate legacy systems and non-standardized methods that impact ability to integrate information
- Lab information management follows lab organizational integration – installing a single LIS is not sufficient

Multiple Labs Feed Single EMR



Problems in Integrating Lab Information when Multiple Laboratories Serve an IDN

Different test methods

- Different reference ranges for same analyte; each result must carry its reference range
- Different units of measure for same analyte

Other report elements

- Performing lab location information
 - IDN labs
 - Reference laboratories (sendouts)
- Abnormal result flags; critical value flags
- Comment/footnote flags

Problems in Integrating Lab Information when Multiple Laboratories Serve an IDN

- Grouping of test results in cumulative result display format
- Test batteries or groups; orphaned components
- Availability of outside reference laboratory reports
- Test name/code conventions
- Definition of "sensitive" test results
- Uniformity of order sets presented in CPOE

Problems in Integrating Lab Information when Multiple Laboratories Serve an IDN – Administrative Aspects

- Managing multiple platforms and vendors IVD and LIS
- Congruence of LIS and EMR strategies with lab operational strategy
- Decision making process and authority where does the buck stop?
- Outreach testing strategy and revenue flow are IDN labs "clients" of one another?

Potential Solutions Target Different Problems

- Standardize LIS using multi-facility software
- Standardize lab operations and methods
- Standardize EMR across IDN sites

Multiple Labs Feed Single EMR



Solution: Standardize LIS using Multi-facility Software



Standardizing LIS across IDN Improves Lab Financial Performance

Workman RD, et al. Am J Clin Pathol 2000;114

- Implemented multi-facility LIS as key component of IDN-wide lab service redesign
- Established metrics for quantifying value of LIS (cumulative return >\$3M over 3 yrs.)
- Contrasted other IDS lab consolidation projects that did not realize full savings due to failure of integrated LIS implementation
- "A fully implemented LIS is considered the major enabler of positive change when combined with a genuine commitment from all levels of staff and leadership"

Solution: Standardize LIS Using Multi-Facility Software

- Solves:
 - Different LIS vendors, systems, databases, interface specs
- Does not solve:
 - Different test methods, test codes, reference ranges, units, performing lab locations, instrument interfaces, fee schedules
 - Independence of operations and culture in labs
 - Different EMRs (non-integrated view of lab results and order options to clinicians)

Solution: Standardize Lab Operations and Methods

- Goal is to establish uniform testing methodologies and administrative oversight
- Consolidation into centralized lab(s) may or may not be a component

Presenting Unified View of Lab Data as a Driver of Test Platform Standardization

Hernandez JS, et al. Clin Lab Med Rev Nov/Dec 2005;19

- Standardization and integration of chemistry and immunochemistry testing platforms across diverse labs of Mayo IDN
- Driving forces cited:
 - Assure uniform quality
 - Compare results across entire system
- "As patients transfer between Mayo facilities... Physicians can track, trend, and interpret patient results, which also decreases the need for repeat testing"

Importance of Organizational Culture in Integration Projects

Hernandez JS, et al. Clin Lab Med Rev Nov/Dec 2005;19

- Team philosophy, trust, and recognition of differences in complexity and culture cited as success factors
- "[The project]...requires skills that are not taught in most medical schools, residencies, fellowships, or medical technology schools."
 - Change management, team building, conflict resolution, negotiation, and strategic planning

Solution: Standardize Lab Operations and Methods

- Solves:
 - Different test methods, test codes, reference ranges, units, instrument interfaces
 - Independence of operations and culture in labs
- Does not solve:
 - Different performing lab locations
 - Different EMRs (non-integrated view of lab results and order options to clinicians)

Solution: Standardize EMR across IDN sites

 Goal is to provide uniform, integrated medical record information to clinicians across multiple sites in IDN

Master Patient Index Enables Data Sharing Across IDN in Absence of Common Patient Identifier



- Different legacy medical record
 numbers in use at
 different IDN sites
 can be crossreferenced through
 the master index
- An integrated view of patient data across all sites can be presented using the same EMR at all sites

Solution: Standardize EMR across IDN sites

- Solves:
 - Different EMRs presents unified, integrated view of lab information to clinicians, but...
- Does not solve:
 - Different LIS vendors, systems, databases, interface specs
 - Different test methods, test codes, reference ranges, units, lab locations, instrument interfaces, fee schedules
 - Independence of operations and culture in labs

Results Tree – Cumulative Display

Search:	🔽 Hide data prior to: 🏻	12/13/2004		Use Da	ate Range Wizard			
ALL TOPICS		1 12/12/05 0600		2 12/11/05 0500	3 12/10/05 1900	4 12/10/05 0600		1
COAGULATION COAGULATI	GENERAL CHEMISTRY Calcium Magnesium Glucose BUN Creatinine Sodium Potassium Chloride CO2 Anion Gap	8.4 1.5 113 8 1.5 141 3.6 110 21 10	1 1	7.9 1.7 120 8 1.2 144 3.3 111 22 11	1 1 1	7.1 1.4 112 9 1.2 140 3.7 108 21 11	1	
- O2 Oxygen Device - Preabumin - TRANSCRIPTION	BLOOD COUNTS WBC RBC Hemoglobin Hematocrit Platelet Count MCV MCHC MCHC			6.89 3.55 9.3 30.5 259 85.9 30.5 26.2	* * *	7.54 3.79 10.0 32.5 217 * 85.8 30.8 26 4	1	

Results Display With Too Many Flags

Search:	▼ 44 4			Newr	esults (No timen	nark se	et)		
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LAB GENERAL EMISTRY HEMATOLOGY		•	04/14/01 1840		04/14/01 1840		04/03/01 0455		
 HEMATOLOGY COAGULATION URINE ANALYSIS OTHERS BLOOD, URINE Culture Collect Date Culture Name Culture Plate Date Culture Report Culture Spec NO Culture Status Epithelial/LPF Culture Volume Mucous TRANSCRIPTION 	GENERAL CHEM Protein, Total Albumin Calcium Magnesium Bilirubin, Total Alkaline Phosph ALT AST Glucose BUN Sodium Potassium Chloride CO2 WSR Phoestain		6.00 * 3.3 * .7 * 234.0 * 27.0 * 23.0 *	•	6.10 * 3.2 * 8.60 * .7 * 236.0 * 27.0 * 22.0 * 160.0 * 35.00 * 35.00 * 35.00 * 145.00 * 3.70 * 112.00 *	•	9.40 * 120.0 * 20.00 * 136.00 * 4.20 * 100.00 * 30.00 *	•	
	Bilirubin,Conjug				.2*	•	7.40 -	•	
	Creatinine Urine				1.1 *		1.1 *		



Surgical Pathology Report in EMR

Result	Result Date and Time	<u>Status</u>	<u>Provide</u>
Information		Final result	Ordered
Collection	<u>Collection Date</u>	<u>Collection Time</u>	
Information	11/6/2002	4:14 PM	
Results	SURGICAL PATHOLOGY Accession #: Final Pathologic I A) ASCENDING COLON - FRAGMENTS OF HYN B) COLON, HEPATIC - FRAGMENTS OF CON PROPRIA. ***Electronic emb/11/7/02 I Specimen(s) Receive A: Colon, ascendin B: Colon, hepatic Gross Description A. Received in for "polyp ascending of measures 1.2 x 0.3 B. Received in for	Y REPORT Diagnosis N, POLYP, BIOPSY: PERPLASTIC POLYP, FLEXURE POLYP, BIOPSY: LONIC MUCOSA WITH MILD EDEMA OF T callv Signed Out*** UPIN #G81426 ved ng, biopsy flexure, biopsy flexure, biopsy rmalin and labeled with the patie colon" is an irregular soft tissu 3 x 0.2 cm. Entirely submitted i rmalin and labeled with the patie exure" is a ran soft tissue segme	THE LAMINA THE LAMINA The segment that n one cassette. The segment that

Differences in Abnormal Flags

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 HEMATOLOGY COAGULATION URINE ANALYSIS MICROBIOLOGY MICRO BLOOD BANK BLOOD BANK BLOOD BANK PATHOLOGY SURGICAL PATHOLOGY CYTOPATHOLOGY CYTOPATHOLOGY RESPIRATORY THERAPY ADULT OTHERS O2 Oxygen Device TRANSCRIPTION 	BLOOD COUNTS WBC RBC Hemoglobin Hematocrit Platelet Count MCV MCHC MCHC MCH MPV RDVV-CV Neut% Abs Neut Lymph% Abs Neut Lymph% Abs Lymph Mono% Abs Mono Eosin% Baso%	15.19 3.87 10.8 32.2 408 83.2 33.5 27.9 10.3 13.7	• • • •	13.08 3.90 11.0 32.4 333 83.1 34.0 28.2 10.3 13.6 76.3 9.98 11.2 1.46 8.7 1.14 3.4 0.4	4 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	10.61 4.07 11.5 34.3 289 84.3 33.5 28.3 10.2 13.4 74.8 7.94 12.6 1.34 9.1 0.97 3.1 0.4	* * * *	15.22 4.17 11.7 34.2 315 82.0 34.2 28.1 9.8 13.1	* * *	

Legacy System Abnormal Flag Conventions

Site 1 High \uparrow , Low \downarrow , Critical High/Low $\uparrow\uparrow/\downarrow\downarrow$ Abnormal non-numeric ! Site 2 All abnormal results ! Site 3 All abnormal results * Site 4 High H, Low L, Critical High/Low HY/LY Site 5 High >, Low <, Abnormal * Web access High H, Low L, Critical High/Low *H/*L

Abnormal Flag Conventions

Abnormal Flag	Region 1	Region 2	Region 3
High		1	
Low	-	T	-
Critical High	- 	1 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1	<u> </u>
Critical Low	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	100 E	1 - A - A - A - A - A - A - A - A - A -
Non-numeric		•	•

EMR Results Display

Hematology (Up to 25 latest results)		
All Graph	2005 22 Nov 10:00	
🗖 RBC (4.2-5.4) M/uL		2.69 L
🗖 HGB (12.0-16.0) g/dL		5.8 *L ≧
HCT (36.0-48.0) %		18.6 *L È
CV (80-100) fL		69.4 L
🔲 МСН (27-34) рд		21.6 L
CHC (32-36) g/dL		31.1 L
🗖 RDW (11.5-14.5) %		17.0 H
🗆 Platelet Count (150-400) k/uL		195
	HEMATOLOGY	
		4 0

MATOLOGY			10:00
WBC Count	4.0-11.0	k/uL	5.2
RBC Count	4.2-5.4	M/uL	2.69L
Hemoglobin	12.0-16.0	g/dL	5.8L'
Hematocrit	36.0-48.0	%	18.6L'
MCV	80-100	fL	69.4L
MCH	27-34	Da	21.6L

11/22/05

Т

EMR Results Display

HEMATOLOGY	11/07/05 0450	11/06/05 0600	11/05/05 1230	11/04/05 1810	1400
WBC 4.8-10.8 k/uL	6.42	5.94	5.93		5.54
RBC 4.7-6.1 M/uL	4.76	4.21 *	4.38 *		2.96 *
HGB 12-16 g/dL	9.7 *	7.9 *	8.3 *		4.1 * T
HCT 37-47 %	30.5 *	25.6 *	26.6 * T		14.9 * T
MCV 81-99 fL	64.1 *	60.8 *	60.7 *		50.3 *
MCH 27-31 pG	20.4 *	18.8 *	18.9 *		13.9 *
MCHC 33-37 %	31.8 *	30.9 *	31.2 *		27.5 *
RDW 11.5-14.5 %		34.1 *	33.7 *		23.9 *
Plt Estimate					





EMR Results Display

Tracking New Results All results - Performed since Nov-20-2005

Chart				
All Available 📃 📃		Nov2005	Nov2105	
Since-		05.10	06:25	
	Anion Gap	11	7	
	Calcium Level	8.7	8.8	
Nov-20-2005 📃 🗖	Magnesium Level	1.9		
T	Hematology			
Batain for neut patient	HEMATOLOGY			
	White Blood Cell Count	🛉 19.1	🛉 11.6	
Result Selection	Red Blood Cell Count	3.82	3.58	
All 🔄 📘	Hemoglobin.	🕴 9.8	♣ 9.0	
Display Category Headers	Hematocrit.	🕴 30.7	🖊 28.9	
🗌 Abnormal 🔲 Show Pending	MCV	🕴 80.4	🔶 80.7	
New Results	МСН	🕴 25.7	🕴 25.1	
	MCHC	31.9	🌲 31.1	
Display Format	Red Cell Distribution Width	15.7	15.6	
	Platelet Cnt	🛉 498	🛉 490	
Report by Order	Mean Platelet Volume	10.0	10.1	
Summary Trend View	Hem Path Review to Follow	NO		
	Smear?	NO		



COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (Order# 185496)

Result nformation	Result Date 2/2/1996	<u>Status</u> Final re	esult		R	rovider Statu eviewed	IS IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	
Component	Component	Value	Flag	Low	High	<u>Units</u>	Stat	
Results	HGB	14.4		13.5	17.5	g/dL		
	HCT	42.9		38.8	50.0	%		
	RBCS	4.67		4.32	5.72	X 10E124		
	MCV	89.9		81.2	95.1	fL	Performing Lal	0
	WBC	7.7		3.5	10.5	× 10E9/		
	NEUTROPHILS	5.6		1.7	7.0	X 10E9/	Location	
	LYMPHOCYTES	1.5		0.9	2.9	X 10E9/L		
	MONOCYTES	0.6		0.3	0.9	X 10E9/L		
	EOSINOPHILS	0.2		0.05	0.50	X 10E9/L		
	DIT	000			Contraction of the second	the second second		
Lab and	COMPLETE BLOOD	399) COUNT (Order#1	85496) 0	150 n 2/2/19	450 <u>96 - Lab a</u>	X 10E9/L		
Lab and Collection	COMPLETE BLOOD Information	399 COUNT (Order#1	85496) o	150 n 2/2/19	450 9 <u>6 - Lab a</u> C	X 10E9/L	E BLOOD COUNT [85001]	
Lab and Collection	COMPLETE BLOOD Information Order Lab Information	UCOUNT (Order#1)	85496) 0	150 in 2/2/19	450 96 - Lab 3 C Re NB	X 10E9/L and Collection OMPLETI sulting Ph	E BLOOD COUNT [85001]	

Handling of Outside Reference Laboratory Reports in EMR

- Clinicians require access sendout test reports, and laboratories are responsible for getting these results to clinicians
- For interfaced labs, these flow through LIS to EMR
- BUT, interfaces to all referral labs is not possible
- Simple results can be manually entered into LIS, then sent to EMR
- Many such reports are long and complex and may have charts, tables, graphs.
- Scanning into EMR may be a solution

Considerations for Scanning Outside Lab Reports into EMR

- Method of indexing by patient, date, report type, etc.
- Method of access in EMR how will the clinicians know the result exists, and how do they access it?
- Multiple page reports
- QA of scanning process image acceptability; no cut-offs
- Corrected/amended report handling
- Identity of scanning person

Manual Entry of Structured Lab Data from Multiple Sources into EMR

Staes CJ, Bennett ST, et al. J Am Med Inform Assoc 2006;13

- System for manual entry of transplant patient lab data from Intermountain and into EMR
- In addition to availability of results across IDN and permanence of results in EMR, additional benefits of discrete data elements compared to scanned documents:
 - amenable to arranging data in different views
 - available for use in rule-based decision support

Tactics for Working with EMR Staff

- Build ties to EMR administrator responsible for lab data handling – they won't look for you
- Provide specific examples and explanation of problems when they arise
- Engage interested physicians and work with them to influence EMR changes
- Demonstrate value to EMR IT staff of having lab subject matter experts – prevent problems for them and improve patient care

Managing Information from Multiple Laboratories in an IDN Summary

- Disparate legacy systems and nonstandardized methods challenge the ability to provide clinicians an integrated view of lab information.
- Standardization of the LIS, of lab operations, and of EMR address overlapping but different issues.
- Laboratory must raise institutional awareness of lab information handling issues in EMR